

# Essential Oil of Javanese Turmeric (*Curcuma xanthorrhiza*, Roxb) Decrease Level of LDL-Cholesterol and Body Weight in Rats

*By* ENDANG DARMAWAN

## 2 Essential Oil of Javanese Turmeric (*Curcuma xanthorrhiza*, Roxb) Decrease Level of LDL-Cholesterol and Body Weight in Rats

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### Abstract

The aim of the present study was to investigate the effect of the essential oil of Javanese turmeric (*Curcuma xanthorrhiza*, Roxb) on level of low density lipoprotein-cholesterol (LDL-C) and body weight in rats. The groups were induced by high fat diet for 30 days to produce hyperlipidemia. The rats were treated with essential oil 25 mg/kgBW and simvastatin 25 mg/kgBW for 30 days. The LDL-C and body weight were measured on day one before treatment, and on day thirty of the treatment. The results showed that the essential oil decreased the level of LDL-C and body weight in rats.

**Keywords:** Javanese turmeric, *Curcuma xanthorrhiza*, essential oil, lipoprotein, simvastatin

### INTRODUCTION

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Coronary heart disease is a common term for the buildup of plaque in the heart's arteries that could lead to heart attack. The traditional risk factors for coronary artery disease are high LDL-cholesterol, low HDL-cholesterol, high blood pressure, family history, diabetes, smoking, being post-menopausal for women and being older than 45 for men. Obesity may also be a risk factor (Wunsch, 1998). Treatment of CHD by include medication, bypass surgery, and minimally invasive methods. A first line treatment to lower high cholesterol in patients with or at risk for coronary artery disease is by simvastatin medication. Simvastatins help relax blood vessels, lowering blood pressure and lowering cholesterol. But like all medication, statins have also many side effects. Otherwise, it is necessary to find out the safe alternative medicine from natural herbal to lowering cholesterol.

Javanese turmeric is the rhizome of *C. xanthorrhiza* Roxb and is used as a food spice, and a preservative and colouring agent in Indonesia and South East Asia. Javanese

turmeric contains of curcuminoids and essential oil (Yasni, 1994). Curcuminoids, such as curcumin, demethoxycurcumin and bisdemethoxy curcumin, are yellowish turmeric pigments and have antioxidative, anticarcinogenic, anti-inflammatory, antihepatotoxic and hypocholesterolemic activities (Nishiyama, *et al.*, 2005). However, little attention has been paid to its hypolipidemia effect of the essential oil of *C. xanthorrhiza*. This study was intended to investigate the effect of dietary supplementary of essential oil of *C. xanthorrhiza* on LDL-cholesterol level and body weight in rats.

### MATERIALS AND METHODS

#### Isolation of the essential oil of *C. xanthorrhiza*

The essential oil was prepared from *C. xanthorrhiza* rhizome by water and steam distillation. The oil was collected in a sterile flash to be stored at refrigeration before application.

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### The hypolipidemia of the essential oil of *C. xanthorrhiza*

Twenty rats were divided into five groups, each consisting of 5 animals. Group I was given basal diet and solvent control (CMC 0.5%). Group II was given high-lipid diet for 60 days. Group III as the positive control group was given high-lipid diet for 30 days and simvastatin 25 mg/kgBW 30 days. Group IV was given high-lipid diet 30 days and treated by essential oil at dose 25 mg/kgBW for 30 days.

The LDL-cholesterol serum level at day 0, 30 and 60 was measured. Serum samples were thawed and the concentrations of LDL-cholesterol, were determined using a spectrophotometer and commercial enzymatic kits.

### Body weight Measurement

The body weight of rats was measured every week from day 1 to day 60.

### Data Analysis

The change of LDL-cholesterol concentrations and body weight were analyzed statistically using two-way ANOVA on 95% confidence level.

## RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Tabel 1 show that the essential oil decreased the LDL-cholesterol level of rats after treatment for 30 days.

The body weight of rats in all groups intended to increase each day (Table 2). But, the treatment both of simvastatin and the essential oil slightly decreased the body weight of rats. Awal (1996) reported that the essential oil of *C. xanthorrhiza* decrease the appetite of rats. Curcumin is the main phenolic compound of Javanese turmeric that has an antioxidant effect. Instead of antioxidant effects, curcumin has a hypocholesterolemic effect. It can reduce the concentrations of plasma low-density lipoproteins and very low-density lipoproteins and liver total cholesterol (Kamal-Eldin, *et al.*, 2000). Yasni, *et al.* (1994) reported *C. xanthorrhiza* contains an active compound other than the curcuminoids that can modify the metabolism of lipids and lipoproteins and even liver fatty acid synthase activity. In another experiment they identified alpha-curcumin as the major component (approximately 65%) of *Curcuma xanthorrhiza* essential oil (Yasni, *et al.*, 1994). Addition of 0.02% *Curcuma xanthorrhiza* essential oils prepared by steam distillation to a purified diet resulted in a lower hepatic triglyceride concentration in rats, whereas addition of the hexane-soluble fraction (0.5%) resulted in a lower concentration of serum, as well as liver triglycerides. Rats fed the essential oil had a lower hepatic fatty acid synthase activity. These studies, therefore, indicate that the essential oil of *C. xanthorrhiza* may has the hypolipidemia effect, further studies should be performed.

**Tabel I. The change of LDL-cholesterol serum level (%) after dietary of high-lipid and treatment of essential oil of *C. xanthorrhiza* 30 days**

Group	The change in LDL level (%)
I	0.25±12.92
II	30.25±8.74
III	-14.31±17.31*
IV	-10.38±5.41*

Note: – means the concentration decreased compared to concentration at day 30

\* means significantly different on 95% confidence level

**Tabel 2. The change in body weight of rats after dietary of high-lipid and treatment of essential oil of *C. xanthorrhiza* 30 days**

Group	The change of body weight (%)
I	2.82±0.53
II	1.74±0.78
III	1.90±0.40
IV	1.82±0.33

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