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INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON GREEN WORLD IN BUSINESS AND TECHNOLOGY

"Intellectual Property Right Based on Green Social Dynamics, Business and Science-TechIntellectual Property Right Based on Green Social Dynamics, Business and Science-Tech"

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Foreword from the Chairman of the Committee ICGWBT 2014

Assalamu'allikum.w.w.

Praise the presence of God, who has blessed us all with health, so that we can follow this ICGWBT 2014. I say thank you to all the organizers, who tel; ah work hard for the implementation ICGWBT 2014 well.

We extend our gratitude to the Dean of the Faculty of Industrial Technology, the Dean of the Faculty of Mathematics and Natural Sciences, Head of the Center for Intellectual Property Rights, the head of the Social Dynamics Study Center, which has support the fund, so ICGWBT 2014 be held on this day well and smoothly.

We extend our gratitude to the speakers, Assoc. Prof. Dr.. Zulkifli Mohamed Udin, Senior Lecturer, University Utara Malaysia (UUM); Assoc. Prof. Pharkphoom Panichayupa-karanant, Ph.D., Senior Lecturer, Prince of Songkla University; Armin A. Fullante, Ph.D., Director for Student Affairs, University of Nueva Caceres, Naga City, Philippines, for the willingness of all of you, as a speaker at this ICGWBT 2014.

This ICGWBT 2014 theme is "Intellectual Property Right Based on Green Social Dynamics, Business and Science-Tech", with a topic such topick, Agronomy (Agroindustrie, etc..). Biotechnology (Plant Tissue Culture, Microbiology, Biochemestry, etc..). Education. Environment (monitoring and modeling, policies and planning,, Clean Technologies, Green House Effect, Impacts of pollutions, etc..) Green Buildings & Smart homes, Green Economy (Accounting, finance, Marketing Business, etc..), Green Educational Technologies.Green food, Feed and Drink Technology, Green Manufacturing & Energy efficiency, Green Science (Computing trends, Biology, Chemistry, tc.), Green Technology (Engineering, Information and Communication, Technopreneurship, etc..), Health (Pharmacy, Nutrition, Medicine, etc..), Intellectual Property Right, Psychology, Religion, Sustainable development, Any other relevant conference topic.

Topics presented by Assoc. Prof. Pharkphoom Panichayupa- karanant, Ph.D, the Department of Pharmacognosy and Pharmaceutical Botany, Faculty of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Prince of Songkla University, Hat-Yai, Songkhla 90112, Thailand is "Standardization and Preparation of Active Constituent Rich Herbal Extracts". Topics presented by Dr.. ARMIN A. FULLANTE, University of Nueva Caceres ,Naga City, Philippines, is "Green Enviromental Education". Topics presented by Zulkifli Mohamed Udin, PhD, Associate Professor School of Technology Management and LogisticsUniversiti Utara Malaysia, is Intelectual

Property Right Roles In Green Business And Technology. Topics that will be delivered by Anwaruddin Hysam, M.Sc., Ph.D. Is Rare Earth Elements: Impact on Green Technology.

We extend our gratitude to the participants of the conference, either as partisipant and presenter, this activity may be useful for you all. In this iCGWBT 2014, attended by approximately 100 participant, and 50 call for papers as a presenter ..

In the next year, in 2015, God willing we will hold back ICGWBT that to 4, with speakers from 6 countries, namely Indonesia, Japan, Germany, the Philippines, Malaysia, and Thailand. We hope in the coming ICGWBT 2015, participants increased, followed by participants from various countries.

That's all I have to say is welcome, sorry if there are words that are less pleasing.

See you in 2015 ICGWBT to 4. Success to you all

Yogyakarta, 29th March 2014
Chairman Program

Dr.Dwi Suhartanti.,M.Si

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The solution of the Maximum Weighted Matching problem (MWM) using Primal Dual Algorithm

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Abstract. The issue of matching problem is relatively simple when determining the maximum cardinality matching (MSM) and occurs in two disjoint sets (bipartite graph). But it would be a complex problem when the MWM that occurs in the general graph (not necessarily bipartite).

In this research, has developed software to help resolve the issue of MBM on a general graph using the primal-dual algotitma of combinatorial optimization problems ..

Keywords*: MBM, General Graph, Combinatorics, primal dual algorithm*

1 Introduction

In a graph G = (V,E) the number of arcs that meet at node i is called the degree of node i . The issue of matching is the selection of a subset arc based on the node degree limit. A matching M $\subseteq$ E is a subset bow to the nature of each node in the subset graph G (M) = (V,M) are connected by no more than one arc. The simplest case is a 1-matching (or so-called matching only) . Every graph G has a matching M = 0. Generalization of 1- matching is a b - matching where node i associated with no more than bi arc , where bi a positive integer [1].

Classic application of the matching problem is the installation of loose objects from two sets [2]. Suppose there are four employees are p1 , p2 , p3 and p4 to fill six positions j1 , j2 , j3 , j4 , j5 , and j6 . When p1 qualified employees to fill positions j2 or j5 . P2 employees can fill positions j2 or j5 . P3 employee can fill the positions j1 , j2 , j3 , j4 , or J6, p4 employees to fill positions j2 or j5. The problem that arises is it possible to assign all employees at any positions that meet the qualifications , if not then how the maximum number of positions that can be filled by employees who are given . The problem of matching shape known as assignment (assignment) , and determine the maximum number of cardinality matching problem .

Examples of other forms of matching is given by [3] that the theory of marriage (Marriage Theorem). There are n people n grooms and brides who are getting married. We want to set n more desirable marriage and the marriage took place only for men and women who have known each other . The question is whether it is possible to occur n the marriage . This issue is known to form a complete matching (perfect matching) .

A matching is said to have weight (weighted matching) if the arc has weight . [4] gives examples of applications in the form of weighted matching problems postman (postman problem). Given a graph G with weights on the arcs , the postman problem is to find a minimum weight set of arcs that are added to G to produce multigraph eulier contains a circuit (i.e a path (walk) contains any arc

MG covered exactly once). Euler circuit on MG translate into minimum weight in G where each arc visited at least once , resulting in the generation of minimum weight from being sent to the postman .
The issue of matching can be viewed as a combinatorial optimization problem One of the most widely used tools in combinatorics is the completion of linear programming problems (linear programming) . The issue of matching in the field of linear programming models belonging to programa integer .
Formulas 0-1 integer programming of weight b - matching is

$$\begin{aligned} maks \quad & cx \\ & Ax \le b \\ & x \in B^n \end{aligned} \qquad (1)$$

where A is the node-arc matrix connected graph, | E | = n, and xe = 1 if there is matching.
In the MWM problem, then the form of integer programming are (

$$\text{(WM)} \qquad \begin{aligned} & maks \sum_{e \in E} c_e x_e \\ & \sum_{e \in \delta(v)} x_e \le 1 \; for \text{ every } v \in \text{E} \\ & x \in B^n \end{aligned} \qquad (2)$$

2 Library studies

Given primal-dual algorithms for linear programming

$$\begin{aligned} & maks \sum_{e \in E} c_e x_e \\ & \sum_{e \in \delta(v)} x_e \le 1 \quad for \text{ every } v \in \text{V} \\ & \sum_{e \in E(U)} \text{x}_\text{e} \le \left[\frac{|U|}{2} \right] \quad for \text{ every odd set } U \subseteq V \\ & x \in R_+^n \end{aligned} \qquad (2)$$

and prove that the solution is to blend any objective function vector c, which is the solution to the maximum weight matching. Assumed ce> 0 for e ∈ E, if ce ≤ 0 result no optimal solution with xe = 0.
Given matching M, xe = for e ∈ M, and xe = 0 for the other, then

$$c_e^{'} = \sum_{v: e \in \delta(v)} \pi_v + \sum_{\text{odd sets U : e} \in \text{(U)}} y_u - c_e$$

Complementary slackness conditions for linear program is :

1.1. $\text{c}_\text{e}^{'} x_e = 0$ for e ∈ E ($\text{c}_\text{e}^{'} = 0$ or e ∉ M)

1.2. $\left(\| U | / 2 | - \sum_{e \in E(U)} x_e \right) y_u = 0, \text{for every odd set } U \; (y_u = 0 \text{ or } M \cap E(U) = \| U | / 2 \backslash)$

Primal-dual algorithm keeping primal-dual feasibility and also the condition of 1.1. and 1.2., the optimal solution is reached when 1.3. fulfilled..
Initialization of an integrated solution feasible primal and dual that satisfies 1.1. and 1.2. is given by:

$$\begin{aligned} & x_e = 0, \text{for } e \in E \\ & y_u = 0, \text{for every odd set } U \\ & \pi_v = \tfrac{1}{2} \max_{e \in E} c_e, \text{for } v \in V \end{aligned} \qquad (1.3)$$

For $c'_{e'} = 0$ every $e' \in E$ then $c_{e'} = \max_{e \in E} c_e$

Algorithm of Maximum Weighted Matching

1. Initialization : Start with the primal dual solution given by (1.3) . Suppose E ' = { e ∈ E : c'e = 0) , G ' = (V , E ') , $\tilde{G}'$= G ' , $\tilde{M}$ = M = ϕ and $\tilde{F}' = \phi$
2. Step 1 : Continue to construct alternating forest . If the path augmentation is found then to step 2 . If not then to step 3 .
3. Step 2 (Augmentation) : Update of the primal solution M and expand all psedonode B (U) with yu = 0 . Update the base of the rest of the blossoms . subgraph with restrictions reduced the matching equation , if $\pi_v = 0$ for all vertices are open , the primal and dual solution is optimal applicable . If not , specify $\tilde{F}' = \phi$ and to step 1 .
4. Step 3 (Dual Change) : Apply a dual change given by (3.5) and (3.6) below . If $\pi_v = 0$ for all vertices open , primal and dual solutions are already optimal.Jika not apply , renew and expand all psedonode B (U) with yu = 0 . If e (u,v) was added where u and v are both even and is at a different tree from , then identifying the path augmentation and to step 2 . If not , keep intact , and returned the first step .

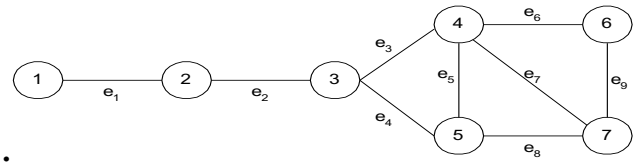
Theorem: Weighted Matching algorithm find the integral optimal solution for (1.2) and also the optimal solution dual to (1.3). Complexity is O (m2 n).

Proof: an integral primal solution is maintained because any solution matching. When the algorithm stops, the primal and dual solutions are both feasible and satisfy complementary slackness.

Working between successive dual change is O (n). By proposition 3.4. The maximum number of changes between a dual augmentation is O (m), and the number of augmentation is O (m). Finally, after the change of the dual p, that π, y and c 'associated with denominator 2k for round k, $0 \le k \le p$. Therefore, the number of calculations remained within the limits of polynomials.

Case in point:

Given the following weighted graph, then will we find the maximum weight matching on the graph



.

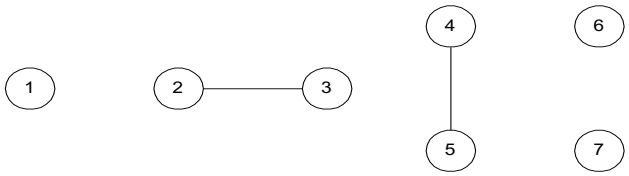
c = (c_{e1}, c_{e2},....., c_{e9}) = (8 9 8 7 9 4 5 2 1)

1. initialization

$\pi_v = 4.5$ for every v ∈ V

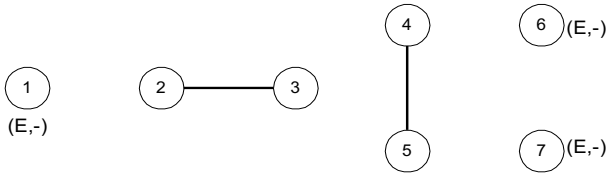
$y_u = 0$ for every u

c' = (1 0 1 2 0 5 4 7 8)



equality constrained subgraph

2. Equality constrained subgraph and labelling M = {e_2, e_5}



3. Dual Change

   $\delta_1 = \min(\pi_1, \pi_6, \pi_7) = 4.5$ $\delta_2 = \infty$ $\delta_3 = 1/2c'_{e9} = 4$

   $\delta_4 = \min(c'_{e1}, c'_{e6}, c'_{e7}, c'_{e8}) = 1$ $\delta=\delta_4 = 1$

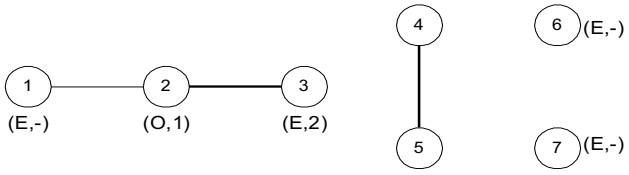
   $\pi = (3.5 \quad 4.5 \quad 4.5 \quad 4.5 \quad 4.5 \quad 3.5 \quad 3.5)$

   $y_u = 0$ for every U

   $c' = (0 \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 2 \quad 0 \quad 4 \quad 3 \quad 6 \quad 6)$

   e_1 add to subgraph with Equality constrained

4. Subgraph with Equality constrained and labelling



4. Dual Change

   $\delta_1 = 3.5$ $\delta_2 = \infty$ $\delta_3 = 3$

   $\delta_4 = \min(1 \quad 2 \quad 4 \quad 3 \quad 6) = c'_{e3} = 1$ $\delta=\delta_4 = 1$

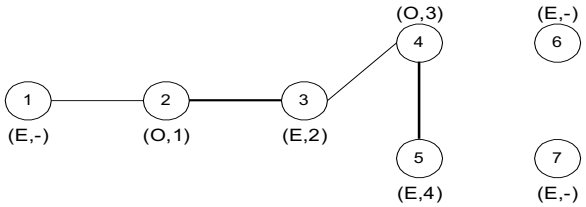
   $\pi = (2.5 \quad 5.5 \quad 3.5 \quad 4.5 \quad 4.5 \quad 2.5 \quad 2.5)$

   $y_u = 0$ for every U

   $c' = (0 \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 0 \quad 3 \quad 2 \quad 5 \quad 4)$

   e_3 add to subgraph with Equality constrained

6. Subgraph with Equality constrained and labelling



5. Dual Change

   $\delta_1 = 2.5$ $\delta_2 = \infty$ $\delta_3 = \frac{1}{2} \min(1 \quad 5 \quad 4) = 1/2$

   $\delta_4 = \infty$ $\delta=\delta_3 = 1/2$

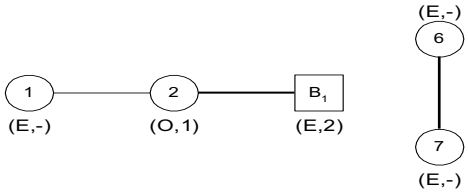
   $\pi = (2 \quad 6 \quad 3 \quad 5 \quad 4 \quad 2 \quad 2)$

   $y_u = 0$ for every U

   $c' = (0 \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad 3 \quad 2 \quad 4 \quad 3)$

e_4 add to subgraph with Equality constrained

8. Subtract subgraph with Equality constrained and labelling

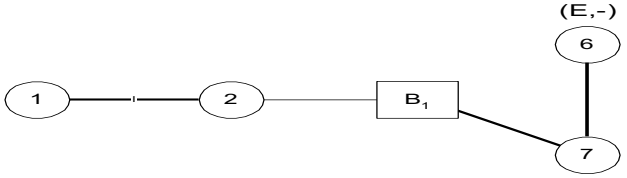


U = { 3,4,5}
B_1 = B(U)
b(U) = 3

9. Dual Change

$\delta_1 = 2$ $\delta_2 = \infty$ $\delta_3 = ½ \min\{c'_{ei}\} = 1$, i = 6,7,8,9
$\delta_4 = \infty$ $\delta = \delta_3 = 1$
π = (1 7 2 4 3 1 1)
$y_u = 2$ for every U = { 3,4,5}, $y_u = 0$ for others
c' = (0 0 0 0 0 1 0 2 1)
e_7 add to subgraph with Equality constrained

10. Augmented on reduction graph and new label. M = { e_1, e_2, e_3}



b(U_1) = 4

6. Dual Change

$\delta_1 = \pi_6 = 1$ $\delta_2 = \infty$ $\delta_4 = \infty$
$\delta_4 = \min\{c_{e6}, c_{e9}\} = 1$
π = (1 7 2 4 3 0 1)
$y_u = 2$ for U_1 = { 3,4,5}, $y_u = 0$ for others

12. Optimal Solution

Primal : $x_{ei} = 1$ for i = 1,4,7, and $x_{ei} = 0$ for others i
Dual : π = (1 7 2 4 3 0 1)
$y_{u1} = 2$ for U_1 = { 3,4,5}, $y_u = 0$ for others

3 Design of Sofware MWM

3.1 Design of Data structure

1. Input graph presented in the form of a weighted graph with a adjency matrix.

```
Const NMax  = 100;
Type Matrix = array[1..NMax,1..NMax] of real;
```

2. Node is represented by the type of structure and array. Attribute node consists of weights, the status is even, odd or not labeled, ismatched attribute indicates

whether the node is open or not, and connect indicate which nodes are connected.

```
Type
      tNode = record
            phi : real;
            evenodd : char;
            ismatched : boolean;
            connect : integer;
      end;
```

3. Arc represented the type of structures and array. Attributes consist arc weights, the first node and a second node connected two such arcs, ismatched indicate whether or not a matching bow.

```
Type
      tEdge = record
            first,second : integer;
            ismatched : boolean;
      end;
```

3.2 Design of Algorithm

```
Procedure Initialization
{ determine the initial value of node weights, weight bow on MBM }
Declaration
    i, a, b : integer
    w : real
algorithm
    w ← -999
    for i ← 1 to edgecount do
        if weight[i].edge>w
            then w ← weight[i].edge
    for i←1to nodecount do node[i].phi←w/2
    for i ←1 to edgecount do
        if  weight[i].edge=0 then
          a←edge[i].first,b← edge[i].second
          edge[i].ismatched←true,
          node[a].ismatched←true,
          node[b].ismatched ← true

Procedure CreateLink (node : integer)
{ create a path in a graph MBM recursively }
Declaration
    i, next: integer
algorithm
    for i ← 1 to edgecount do
        if  weight[i].edge = 0 then
            if e[dge[i].first=node then
                  next ← edge[i].second
          elseif e[dge[i].second=node then
                  next ← edge[i].first
          if next >= o then
            if nodes[next].status='x' then
              if nodes[node].status='E'
```

```
                then
                   nodes[node].status←'O'
                else
                   nodes[node].status ←'E'
             nodes[next].connect ←node
             CreateLink(next)

Function Is Blossom (a,b: integer) : boolean
{true if at least find one blossom }
Declaration
    i, next: integer
algorithm
    IsBlossom ← false
    for i ← 1 to edgecount do
        if  nodes[a].status='E' and
        nodes[b].status='E' and
        edges[i].weight=0 then
          Isblossom  ← true

Procedure DualChange
{ determine the value of the dual node and arc weights update SKP
}
Declaration
    i: integer
     d1,d2,d3,d4,dual : real
algorithm
    d1,d2,d3,d4 ← infinite
    for i ← 1 to nodecount do
        if  nodes[i].status= 'O' then
          d1← nodes[i].phi
        if IsBlossom(i)  then
               d2← edge[i].second
    for i ← 1 to edgecount do
        if nodes[edge[i].first].status ='O'
        and odes[edge[i].second].status
          ='O' then
             d3 ← edges[i].weight/2
          if nodes[edge[i].first].status
          ='E'and nodes[edge[i].second].status ='X' then
             d4 ← edges[i].weight
        dual ← min (d1,d2,d3,d4)
    for i ← 1 to nodecount do
        if  nodes[i].status= 'E' then
          nodes[i].phi← nodes[i].phi - dual
        elseif nodes[i].status= 'O' then
          nodes[i].phi← nodes[i].phi + dual
    for i ← 1 to edgecount do
        if nodes[edges[i].first].status=
        'E' and    nodes[edges[i].first].status='X'then
      edges[i].weight←dges[i].weight - dual
        if nodes[edges[i].first].status=
        'X' and
         nodes[edges[i].first].status='E'
```

```
then
edges[i].weight←edges[i].weight-
  dual
if nodes[edges[i].first].status=
'E' and
   nodes[edges[i].first].status='E' then
     edges[i].weight←edges[i].weight-2 * dual
```

4 Conclusion

The solution of the problem MBM with primal dual algorithm Edmond deliver the optimum solution when no node is open or all open vertices weighted zero. In addition, when finding sirkuti odd (blossom) requires special care, which need to be depreciated once again which will be described with the augmentation. It would be quite complicated and complex problem, which is encountered when a relatively large blossom.

5 Reference

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